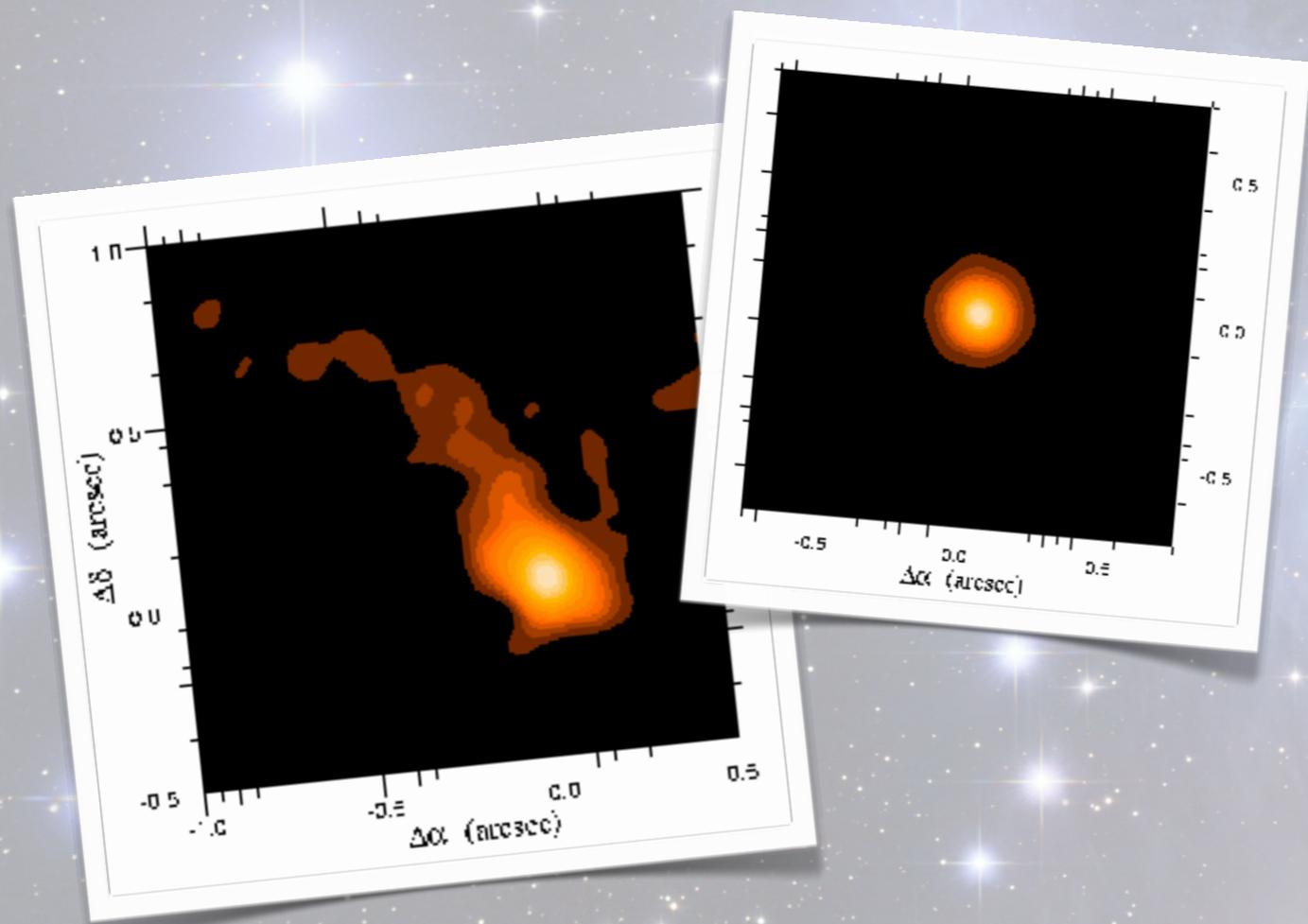


Study of the extended envelope of R Aqr through imaging with long-baseline interferometry

Proposal for the period 93A



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Target

R Aquarii :

Binary system (1 Mira variable star & 1 white dwarf)

Huge mass loss (extended envelope)

Evolutionary state hard to define

Angular diameter : 13 mas (Van Belle et al. 1996)

Magnitudes :

V-Band : 7.69

H-Band : -1.103

Coordinates :

RA : 23 43 49.46201

DEC : -15 17 04.1385

Scientific Background

- Observations with **IOTA** (Ragland et al. 2008)
 - Imaging of the envelope at 3 different wavelengths
 - Water molecular shape highly clumpy
 - Bipolar feature parallel to a large scale jet
- Observations with **VLBA** (Ragland et al. 2008)
 - Obs. of the SiO maser emission in the outer molecular envelope
- Observations **MIDI** (Zhao-Geisler et al. 2012)
 - Obs. of the Silicate dust shell

Scientific Background

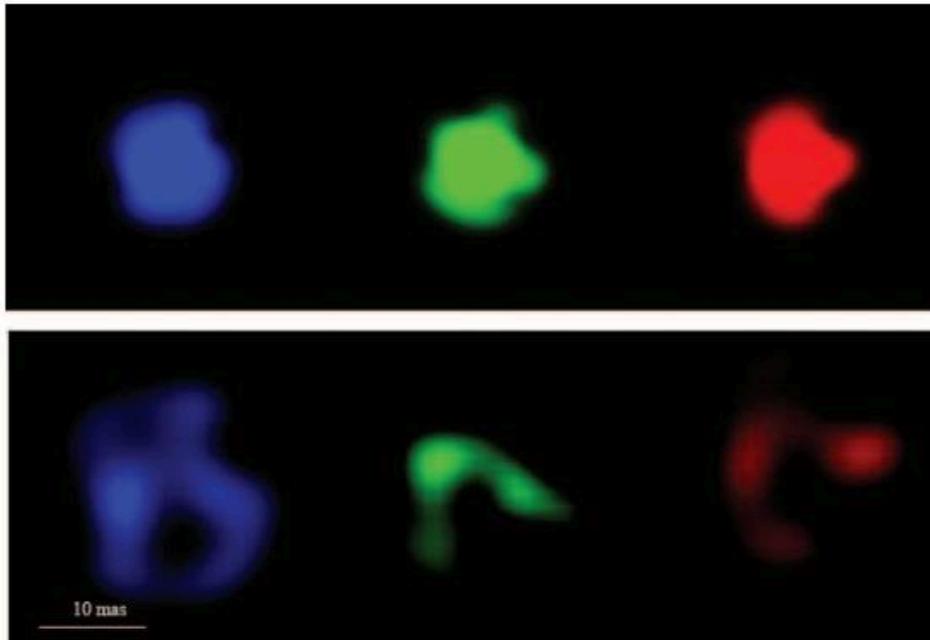


FIG. 9.—Reconstructed near-infrared images of R Aqr. The blue, green, and red color images (from left to right) represent 1.51, 1.64, and 1.78 μm respectively. The top row shows reconstructed images, and the bottom row shows primarily contributions from the shell, since we subtracted a Gaussian function from the reconstructed images to remove the stellar component. North is up, east to the left.

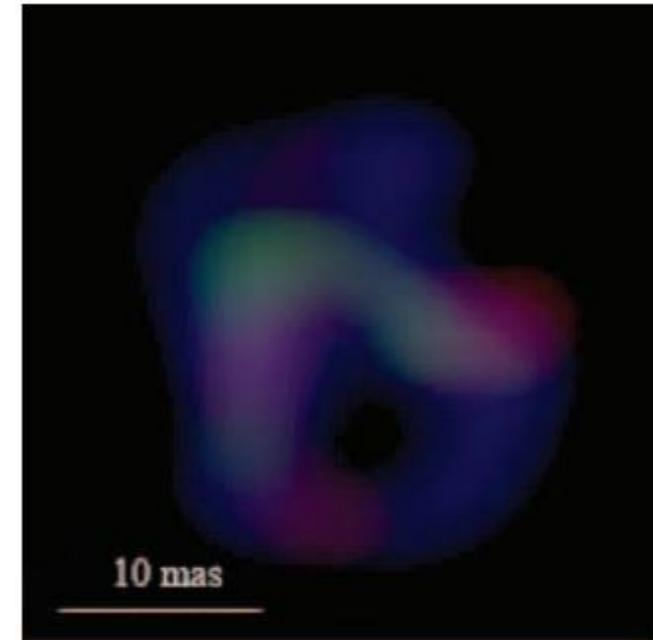
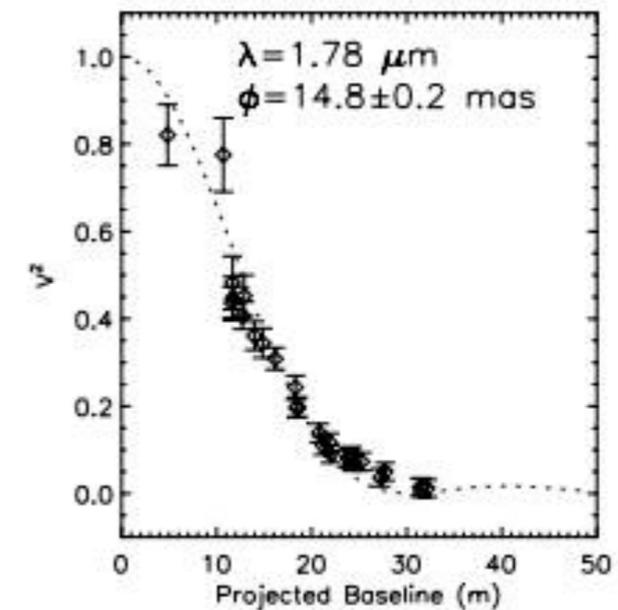
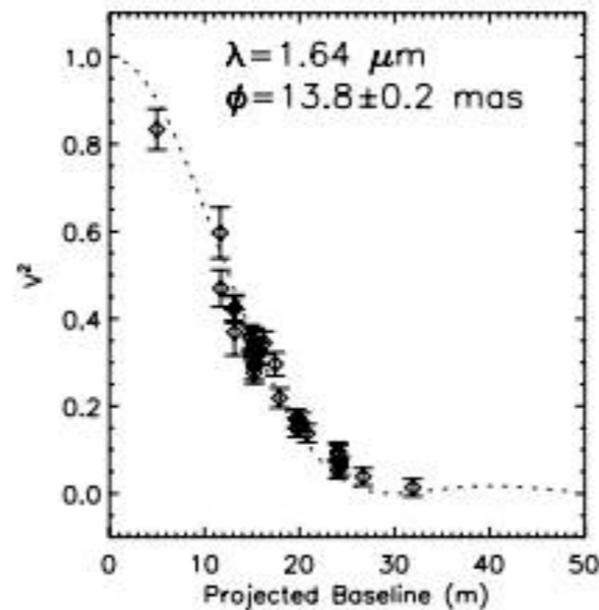
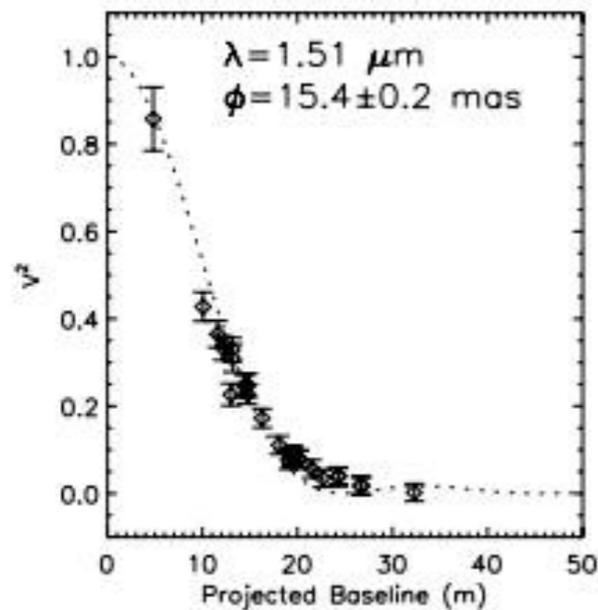


FIG. 12.—The three wavelength images; blue, green, and red represent 1.51, 1.64, and 1.78 μm respectively. North is up, east to the left.



Ragland et al. 2008 : imaging of the envelop with IOTA

Aim of the present proposal

- Complete the precedent observations to get a good coverage in spacial frequencies
- Reconstruct the image of the envelope using Mira and Bsmem
- Obtain a better precision on the angular diameter
- Estimate the mass loss and reach a better understanding of the dynamic of the matter in this system

FEASIBILITY : 100 % :-)

Technical elements

Instrument : **PIONIER**

A1-G1-K0-J3 (biggest quadruplet to resolve small details)
D0-H0-G1-I1 (shorter one to get data in the first lobe)

Advantage : 6 simultaneous vis. measurements and 4 T3

Observing mode :

“Delegated visitor” mode

(No real constraint on the date of observations)

Amount of requested time :

5*0.5 nights, to get a good coverage of the (u,v) plane

Technical elements

Observability during the requested period and (u,v) coverage :

